# Agricultural Mental Health Literacy Programs: Emerging Evidence from Michigan

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# Background

- Agricultural producers have worse mental health than the general population.
- About 60% of mental health professional shortage areas are in rural counties.
- Stigma and norms make helpseeking difficult.
- Mental health literacy programs have demonstrated effectiveness outside of agricultural contexts.
- In 2016, Michigan Department of Agriculture and Rural Development requested Michigan State University Extension do something to help agricultural mental health.

### Methods

- MSU Extension created
   Communicating with Farmers
   Under Stress as a mental health
   literacy program tailored to
   agricultural audiences.
- In one year starting October 2016, MSU Extension offered 25 workshops to 1,024 participants.
- N=342 from 18 workshops completed post-training retrospective evaluations.
- 58.2% female, 96.3% white

People want to help
agricultural producers
cope with their stress, and
tailored agricultural
mental health literacy
programs are effective at
improving their skills and
confidence to do so.





Take a picture for more information!

## Results

|   | Improved |      | Already<br>knew |      |  |
|---|----------|------|-----------------|------|--|
| Program objectives  | n        | 96   | n               | %    |  |
| Gained new understanding of current   | 251      | 75.4 | 77              | 23.1 |  |
| agricultural financial situation<br>Increased understanding of impact stress<br>has on our bodies | 301      | 88.3 | 39              | 11.4 |  |
| Learned how to recognize warning signs of   | 311      | 91.5 | 28              | 8.2  |  |
| depression, suicide, and mental illness<br>Learned where to send people for help                  | 325      | 96.5 | 10              | 3.0  |  |

| Because of attending the farm stress workshop   | % Reporting<br>agreement |
|---|--------------------------|
| I am more comfortable talking with others about chronic stress.                                     | 93.6%                    |
| My understanding of rural stress issues and<br>warning signs of stress challenges has<br>increased. | 95.7%                    |
| I am more comfortable being in a situation with someone in distress.                                | 100.0%                   |
| I know where to go for community resources to<br>help others or myself.                             | 97.9%                    |
| I understand the impact of stress on the body.  | 91.1%                    |
| I am aware of stress issues and taking steps to<br>manage stress.                                   | 95.7%                    |
| I recognize where to send people for help and available resources.                                  | 89.4%                    |
| I shared workshop information/resources with others.  | 79.2%                    |

"This past year has been tough in the community and if I can help alleviate even some of their stress – I'm glad to do so."

### Lessons Learned

- 1. Be intentional with language to be both inviting and direct.
- 2. Multiple methods of delivering information are crucial.
- 3. Knowledgeable partners can help reach the audience of interest.
- 4. Collaboration can maximize opportunities and resources.
- 5. Continue the conversation: mental health is broader than stress and suicide.

### References

Please see the full text linked at the QR code to the left.